

QP CODE: 19102137



Reg No :

Name :

B.Sc. DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2019

Third Semester

CORE COURSE - EL3CRT07 - ANALOG ICs AND APPLICATIONS

(Common to B.Sc Electronics and Computer Maintenance Model III& B.Sc. Electronics Model III)

2017 Admission Onwards

1EE44C62

Maximum Marks: 80

Time: 3 Hours

Part A

Answer any ten questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Explain Tail current.
2. What do you mean by slew rate?
3. Draw the equivalent circuit of an op-amp.
4. Draw the circuit of a non-inverting op-amp and give the expression for gain.
5. What is a voltage follower?
6. What are the limitations of an ideal integrator? How they are overcome in a practical circuit?
7. Briefly explain frequency stability of oscillators
8. What is a sine wave oscillator?
9. What is a triangular wave generator?
10. Briefly explain about 555 timer IC.
11. What are the types of voltage regulators available?
12. What is an adjustable voltage regulator?

(10×2=20)

Part B

Answer any six questions.

Each question carries 5 marks.

13. Why dual supplies are commonly used for Op-amps? Draw the circuit for setting a dual power supply using a single power supply.





14. What is a level shifter? Explain the circuit of a typical level shifter circuit.
15. Define the common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR) and explain the significance of a relatively large value of CMRR.
16. Explain the circuit of a scaling amplifier. What are its applications?
17. Explain the circuit and applications of a voltage to current converter.
18. Draw the circuit of a square wave generator using op-amp
19. Explain the circuit of a voltage controlled oscillator. Mention its applications.
20. Draw the circuit of an astable multivibrator using 555 timer
21. Explain any one application of PLL.

(6×5=30)

Part C

Answer any two questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

22. What are integrated circuits? Explain different scale of integration of ICs and IC package types.
23. Explain open-loop op-amp configurations – inverting amplifier, non-inverting amplifier and differential amplifier.
24. Explain the working of closed-loop inverting amplifier and obtain the expression for its voltage gain, input resistance, output resistance, bandwidth, total output offset voltage.
25. Explain op-amp based Wien bridge oscillator. Design a Wien bridge oscillator with frequency of oscillation 3 kHz.

(2×15=30)

