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Name.....

B.C.A. DEGREE (CBCS) EXAMINATION, JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2018

First Semester

Complementary Course—BASIC STATISTICS AND INTRODUCTORY PROBABILITY THEORY

(Only for B.C.A.)

[2017 Admissions]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Part A

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Define average.
- 2. If mean = 25, mode = 30, what is median?
- 3. What are quartiles?
- 4. Define correlation.
- 5. What is curve fitting?
- 6. What would be your interpretation of the correlation is 1 and -1?
- 7. Define random experiment with an example.
- 8. What is classical definition of probability?
- 9. Define conditional probability.
- 10. Define random variable.
- -11. If V(X) = 2, find V(2X + 5).
- 12. A random variable X has E(X) = 2, $E(X^2) = 8$. Find V(X).

 $(10\times 2=20)$

Part B

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 13. What are the desirable properties of a good average?
- 14. What is a box plot?
- 15. Find mean deviation about mean:

11, 3, 0, 7, 2, 6, 4, 7

Turn over

- 16. Distinguish between correlation and regression.
- 17. Explain the principle of least squares.
- 18. State and prove addition theorem for two events.
- 19. Three men working Independently attempt to decode a secret message. If their individual probabilities of success are 0.2, 0.4 and 0.5, What is the probability that the message is decoded?
- 20. An unbiased die is thrown. Sketch the graph of its mass function and distribution function.
- 21. A random variable X has the density function:

$$f(x) = \frac{c}{\left(1 + x^2\right)}; -\infty < x < \infty.$$

Find the value of the constant c.

 $(6 \times 5 = 30)$

Part C

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

22. Calculate the coefficient of correlation from the following data:

Roll No.						-						
Marks ir	n Maths	:	45	56	39	54	45	40	56	60	30	35
Marks in	ı Law	:	40	56	30	44	36	32	45	42	20	36

- 23. State and Prove Baye's theorem.
- 24. A random variable X has the following probability function:

$$f(x) = k$$
 for $x = 0$
 $= 2k$ for $x = 1$
 $= 3k$ for $x = 2$
 $= 0$ otherwise

(a) Determine the value of k. (5)

(b) Find
$$P(X < 2), P(X \le 2)$$
. (5)

(c) Write down the distribution function of X. (5)

25. Find the mean, variance and moment generating function of:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a e^{-ax}; x > 0, a > 0 \\ 0; \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$